

# Waste Reduction Partners

Welcomes You to

## **“Identifying Energy Saving Opportunities”**

Presented by  
Conrad Meyer, WRP Technical Manager

October 1, 2014



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# Sponsored by:



Triangle J Council of  
Governments



Land-of-Sky  
Regional Council



State Energy Program  
Division of Environmental  
Assistance & Customer Service



NC DENR  
Division of Environment and  
Natural Resources



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# Waste Reduction Partners – Who are we?

- Volunteer team of 65 retired engineers and scientists
- Perform no cost energy, water, and solid waste assessments in NC
- Grant funded by local, state, and federal governments – funds used for administration and stipends for volunteers
- FY2013-14 performance:
  - \$1.75 million in utility savings
  - 2.75 million gallons of water use reduction
  - 6,790 tons of material diverted from landfills
  - 162 clients assisted in 47 counties.

Since 2000 - \$70 million in client savings



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# Energy Assessments

- Imagine for a moment that you have just been tasked with reducing energy costs in all your rest areas
- How do you begin and what process might you follow to identify savings opportunities?
  - You have a wide variety of buildings –
    - ❖ Many buildings throughout your state
    - ❖ Old vs new construction
    - ❖ Simple rest rooms & vending vs more complex plazas and visitor centers
    - ❖ Differing climate across the state



# Identifying Opportunities: Basics of Conducting an Energy Audit

Understanding ASHRAE Audit Level: Walk-through 1, 2, 3

- Scope
- Energy/utility bill review – Before site visit
- Have the right people on the team
- Data collection during site visit
- Getting the questions answered
- Recommendations
- Financial analysis



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# Top Areas to Save Energy

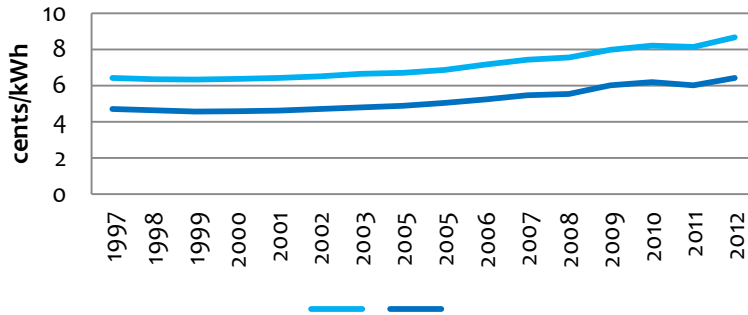
- Utility Accounting/Benchmarking
- Lighting
- Heating, Cooling, and Controls
- Hot Water and Water Conservation
- Equipment, Machines and Processes
- Building Envelope Improvements



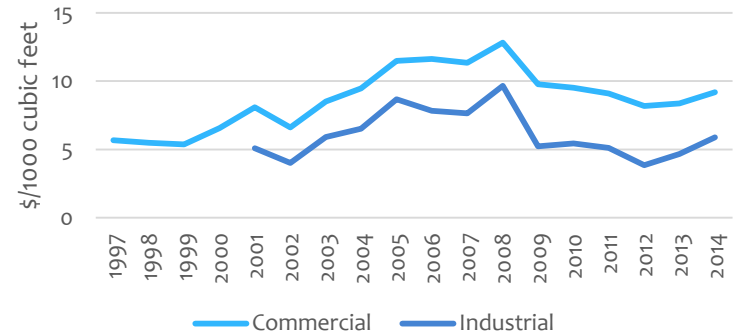
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# Energy Prices are Steadily Increasing

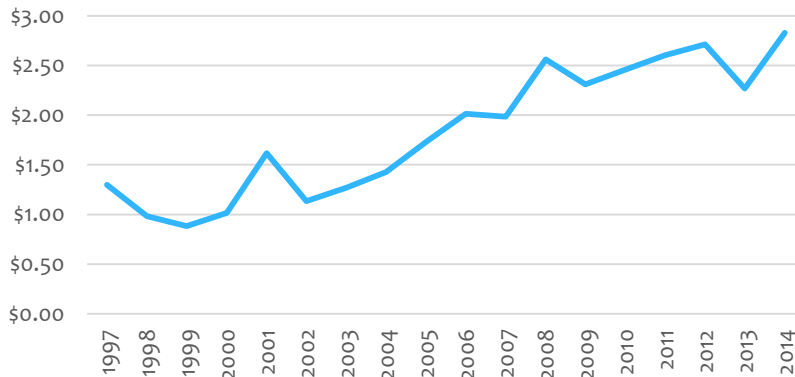
## NC Electricity Prices



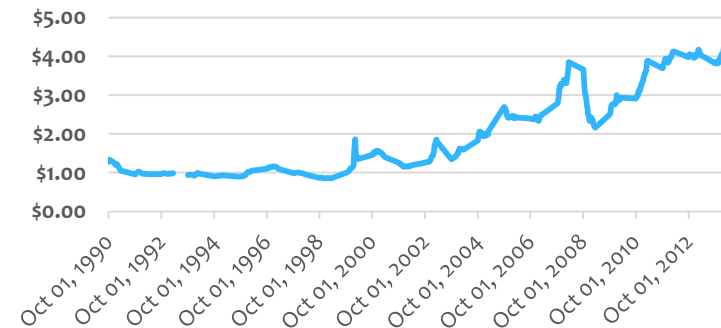
## US Natural Gas Prices



## US Propane Prices



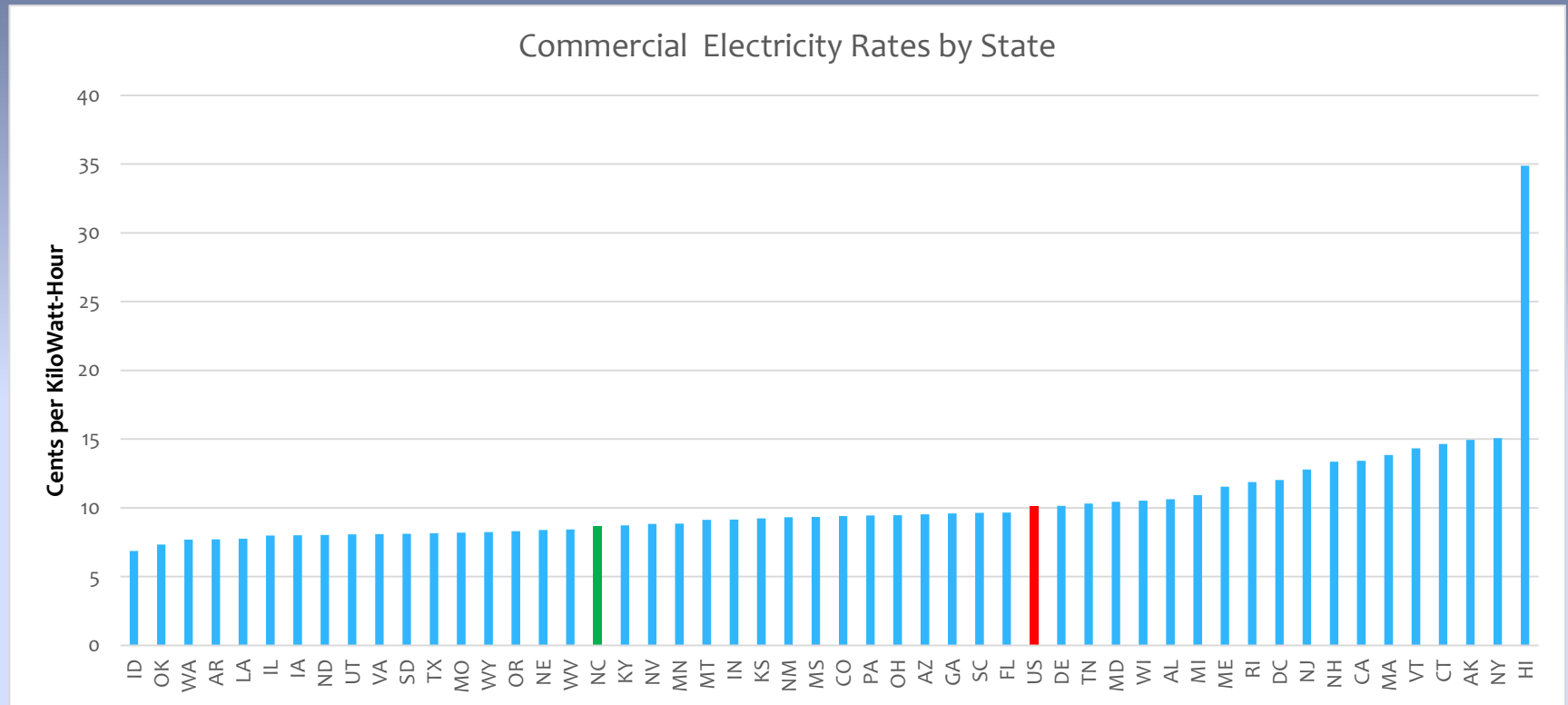
## Weekly U.S. Weekly No. 2 Heating Oil Residential Price (Dollars per Gallon)



Data from [www.EIA.gov](http://www.EIA.gov)

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# Electric Rates Vary by State



Data from [www.EIA.gov](http://www.EIA.gov)



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# Fuel Cost Comparison

## NC Commercial Averages

- Electricity: \$0.085/kWh (3412 Btu/kWh)
- Natural gas \$1.05/therm (100,000 Btu/therm)
- Propane \$2.45 / gallon (91,500 Btu/gal)
- #2 Fuel Oil \$3.00 /gallon (~140,000 Btu/gal)

## Unit Energy Comparisons - Heating

- Propane Furnace: \$31.32/MMbtu
- Electric Strip Heat: \$24.90/MMbtu
- #2 Oil Furnace: \$24.51/MMbtu
- Natural Gas Furnace: \$13.35/MMbtu
- Heat Pump: \$7.78/MMbtu

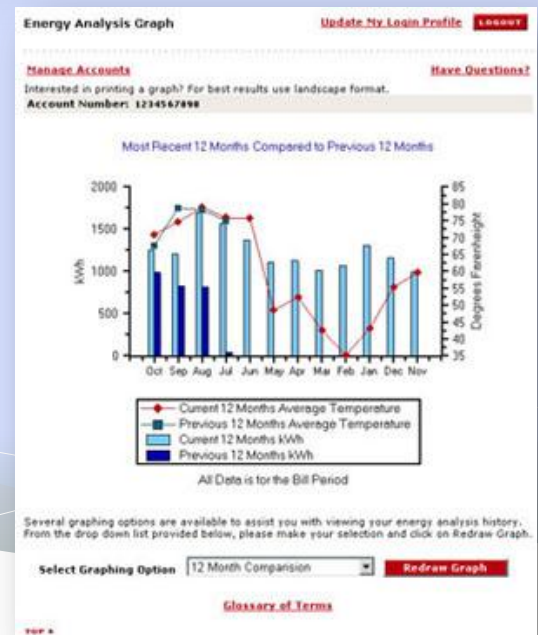


# Utility Accounting

- Are you tracking energy consumption?
- Electricity: usage “kWh” and demand “kW”
- Utility Rate Structures: General Service, Medium General Service, Time of Use, etc.
- Easy ways to track bills
  - Go online to view
  - Portfolio Manager (EPA)



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# Utility Rate Analysis

- No capital investment required
- Are you on the best electric rate schedule?
- When to check? Annually or when building use changes
- Who to work with? Utility representatives
- Do you understand how your rate schedule works?
- Many rate schedules – some are complicated
- Shifting peak loads if on a Time of Use schedule

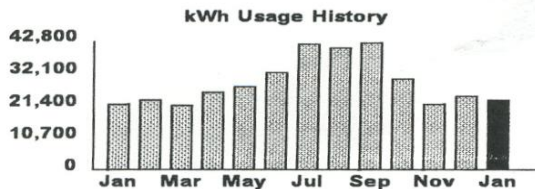


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*NC State Agencies are saving \$650,000 annually through energy rate reviews.*

**Billing**  
**MGS rate**

ASHEVILLE NC 28801-3271



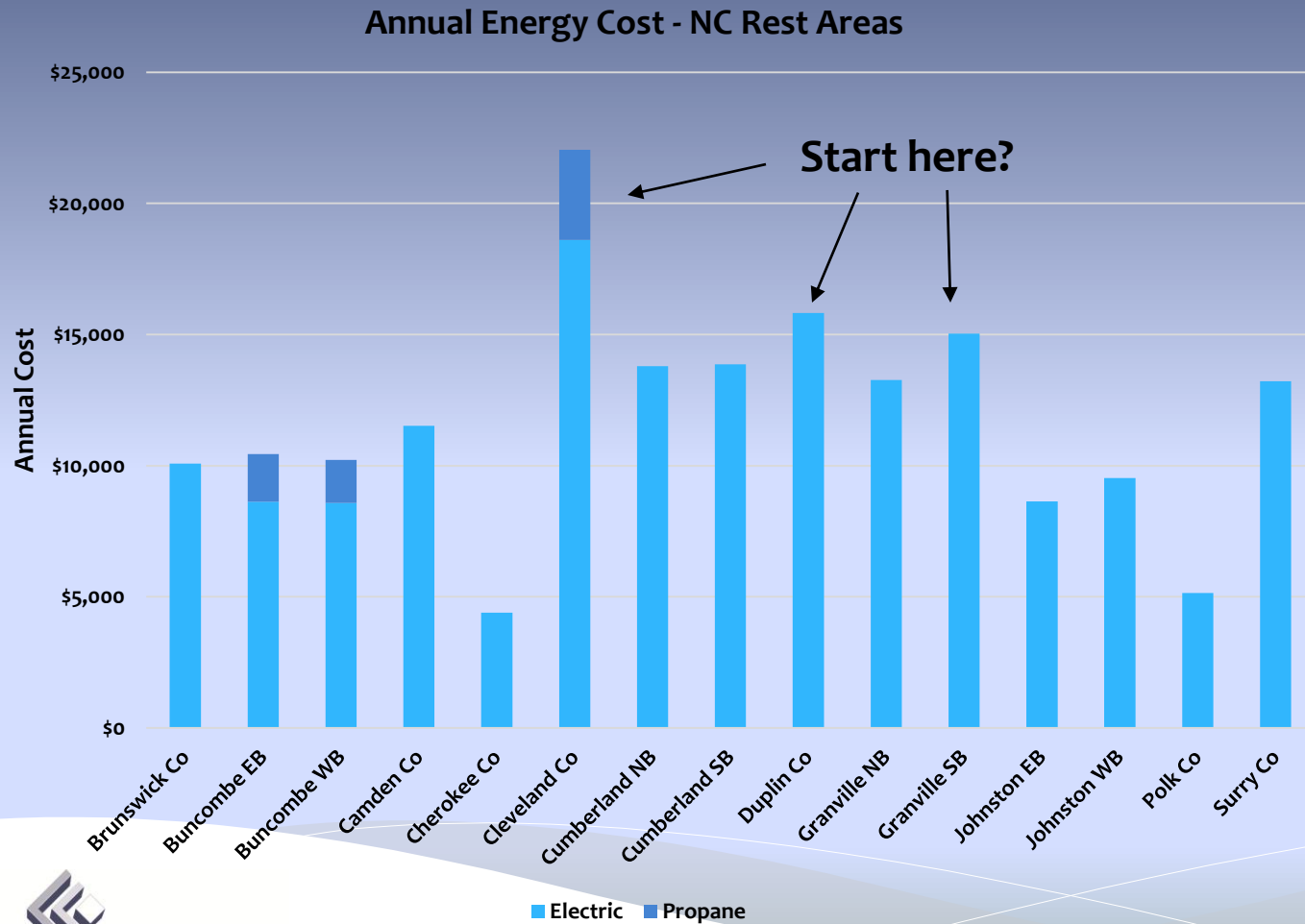
Actual kW Demand	80.40
------------------	-------

Billing						33 Days
MGS rate						12.00
Basic customer charge						12.00
Energy charge						23,880 kwh x \$0.05132 1,225.5216
Demand charge						
(80% of 132.00 kw (09/03))						105.60 kw x \$4.89000 516.3840
Three phase service charge						9.00
ALS rate						33 Days
Metal halide light, 160 kwh, 40000 lumens, flood						
Area lighting						1 Light x \$25.63 25.63
Wood pole charge						1 Pole x \$2.16 2.16
ALS rate						33 Days
High Pressure Sodium light, 46 kwh, 9500 lumens, flood						
Area lighting						1 Light x \$11.15 11.15
ALS rate						33 Days
High Pressure Sodium lights, 109 kwh, 28500 lumens, flood						
Area lighting						3 Lights x \$15.69 47.07
3% North Carolina sales tax						55.47
Total due						\$1,904.39

**PIN:** 34567890

Similarly, look at your other energy bills

# NC Rest Areas - Annual Energy Costs



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# Annual Energy Benchmarking

MONTH	YEAR	ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION  kWh	COST  \$	PROPANE CONSUMPTION  gallons	COST  \$
MAY 2009	2009	12360	888.39		
JUNE 2009	2009	15500	1083.54		
JULY 2009	2009	20640	1468.64		
AUGUST 2009	2009	20440	1479.42		
SEPTEMBER 2009	2009	18900	1399.29		
OCTOBER 2009	2009	17900	1294.09		
NOVEMBER 2009	2009	12700	925.68		
DECEMBER 2009	2009	11920	874.28		
JANUARY 2010	2010	13060	919.33		
FEBRUARY 2010	2010	10580	745.26		
MARCH 2010	2010	11260	778.32		
APRIL 2010	2010	13260	946.31		
<b>TOTAL Electricity Usage</b>		<b>178,520</b>	<b>\$12803</b>	<b>1,995</b>	<b>\$3011</b>



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USI SPREADSHEET IN PACKAGE

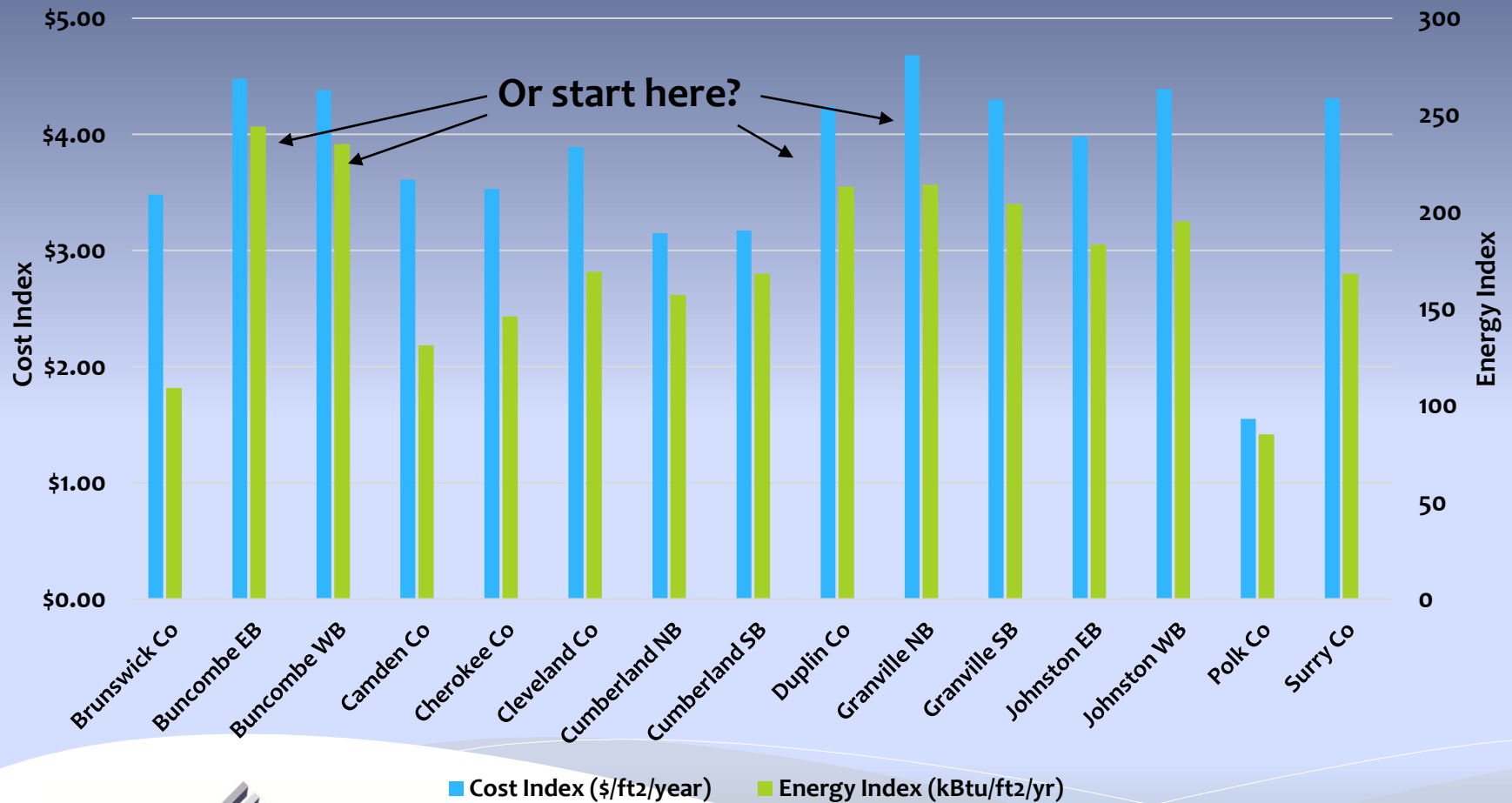
# Annual Energy Benchmarking

			CONVERSION TO BTU EQUIVALENTS			
Electricity	178520 kWh	X	3,413 Btu / kWh	=	609	Million Btu's
Propane	1995 gal	X	92,000 Btu/gallon	=	184	Million Btu's
TOTAL SQ FT = 3,727						
			TOTAL ENERGY USE =		793	Million Btu's
TOTAL ENERGY Index = 793 mmBTU/3727 sq ft =					213	kBtu /sq ft
TOTAL COST INDEX = \$15,814/3,727 sq ft =				=	\$4.24	per sq ft



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# NC Rest Area Benchmarks



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**Rest Areas are heavily influenced by outdoor lighting!**



# How to proceed?

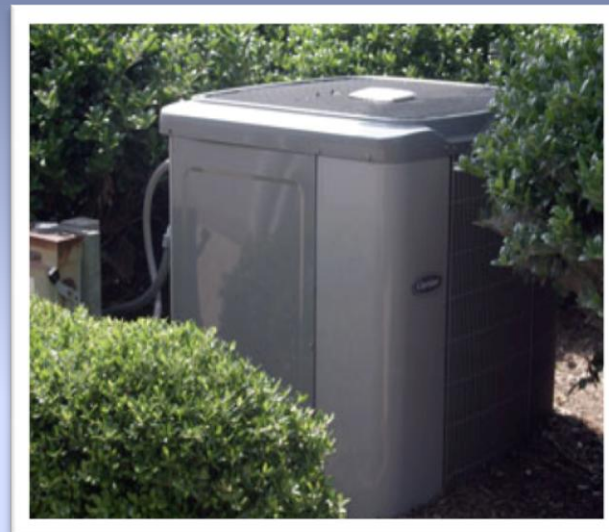
- Collect and analyze energy data. Does it make sense?
- Look at your major energy users for savings
  - For rest areas:
    - ❖ HVAC
    - ❖ Lighting
    - ❖ Hot water
    - ❖ Building Envelope
  - ❖ Can use the USI Checklist to get started
  - ❖ Also WRP has Fact Sheets and Best Management Practices at:  
<http://wastereductionpartners.org/resources>



# HVAC Efficiency

## Common Opportunities for Rest Stop

- Establish a high performance specifications for replacements
- For Example, minimum 15 SEER, 12.5 EER
- Reference: CEE1.org, local utility rebate program specs



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# Maintenance Saves Money

## Establish maintenance program contracts

- Air Filters - Replace regularly (4.1% savings)
- Heat transfer coils - Clean in heat pumps, air conditioners, and chillers (1.3 to 3.7% savings)
- Ducts - Inspect ducts for leakage and missing insulation
- Obstructions - Remove obstructions to radiators, air diffusers, intakes, outdoor equipment
- Boilers - Have fuel-fired boilers inspected annually (4% savings)



# Optimize Temperature Controls

- Programmable 7-day Thermostats
  - Locked Cover / Password Protected
- Low occupancy - nighttime setbacks
  - 6 degrees Summer
  - 8 degrees Winter
  - Commons savings > \$150/year
- Review summer/winter set points
  - 1 degree change saves 3%



# Lighting – Energy Savings

Lighting technologies are rapidly changing!

- Turning Lights Out
- Delamping /Reducing Wattage
- LED Upgrades
- T-8 Upgrades
- Occupancy Controls
- Outdoor Lighting - photo cells
- LED Exit Signs



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# Target Light Levels

- The goal is to provide sufficient illumination for people to do their activities comfortably and in an aesthetically pleasing environment.
- How much light is enough?

Illuminating Engineering Society of North America

(<http://www.iesna.org/>) sets officially recognized standards measured in foot candles (or lux) in buildings.

Illumination Level for Space / Task	Foot candles, fc
Lobbies , Reception Areas	10-30
Typical Offices	30-50
Meeting Rooms	30-50
Kitchen	30-50
Retail	50-100
Guest Rooms	10-30
Corridors, Elevators, Stairs	5 minimum
Parking Garage	10

Aesthetics are equally important

- Color temperature
- Color rendering



Determine the amount of light produced by current fixtures (measured in lumens). Proportionally increase or decrease target lumens per fixture if necessary to bring illumination to recommended standards.

# More Efficient Replacement

Lamp and ballast replacement using existing fluorescent fixtures



- Older facilities are likely to have 1.5 inch diameter fluorescent lamps (T12) with magnetic ballasts
- Replace with 1 inch diameter fluorescent lamps (T8) and electronic ballasts
- 15 –35 % higher efficiency
- LED's becoming cost competitive

Example: 50 Watt reduction for a 4 lamp fixture

$0.05 \text{ kW} \times 3000 \text{ hours} \times \$0.085 \text{ per kWh} = \$13 \text{ per fixture per year}$



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# Life Cycle Cost Analysis

## Replacing a 65 Watt Incandescent Floodlamp with LED

Compare life cycle costs of a 25,000 hour LED to other bulbs

The effective electric rate is \$.10 per kWh.

	Incandescent	CFL	LED
Wattage	65	15	15
Lumens	600	720	790
Life of Bulb	2,000	8,000	25,000
Number of bulbs used in 25,000 hours	12.5	3.1	1
Price	\$3.33	\$3.33	\$15.00
Rebate	none	none	-\$5.00
Installation Labor	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00
Operating Cost (Watts x 25,000 hr x rate x .001 kW per W)	\$162.50	\$37.50	\$37.50
Replacement Cost (Price x # of replacements)	\$41.62	\$10.32	\$0.00
Replacement Labor Cost (Install x # of replacements)	\$62.50	\$15.50	\$0.00
Total Cost for 25,000 hours (4.5 years @ 12 hr/day)	\$266.62	\$63.32	\$52.50

Cost analysis should include initial cost and rebates, labor, replacement cost, and replacement labor.



# LED Application Examples

LED Type and Output		Lumens per Watt		
Application	Lumen Range	Average	Best	% Best over Avg.
<b>Bulbs and Lamps</b>				
General Purpose	700-1,100	69	94	36%
Directional	600-1,300	57	89	56%
MR16	400-600	55	77	40%
Decorative	400-700	58	77	33%
<b>Luminaries</b>				
Downlights	600-1,500	49	88	80%
Troffers	1,000-8,000	83	119	43%
High-Bay	15,000-35,000	88	110	25%
Parking Garage	1,000-6,000	72	106	47%
Parking Lot	10,000-20,000	78	101	29%
Streetlights	10,000-20,000	79	110	39%

DOE Adoption of Light-Emitting Diodes in Common Lighting Applications

[http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/publications/pdfs/ssl/led-adoption-report\\_2013.pdf](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/publications/pdfs/ssl/led-adoption-report_2013.pdf)

Maximize benefits by selecting highest lumens per watt among options meeting other specs

# Credits, Incentives, and Rebates

DSIRE is a comprehensive database of information on state, federal, local, and utility incentives and policies that support renewable energy and energy efficiency. <http://www.dsireusa.org/>

Utility Incentives and Rebates are very common and they change often. Examples:

- Mass Save (NSTAR, national grid, others): Incentives of \$30 per LED track fixture, \$75 per LED replacement of 1x4' or 2x4' Fluorescent  
<http://www.masssave.com/>
- Mid American Energy (Iowa) has rebates of \$10-\$15 for LED screw in bulbs and \$100 for 400 W HID equivalent  
[http://www.midamericanenergy.com/ee/include/pdf/ia\\_bus\\_lighting\\_table.pdf](http://www.midamericanenergy.com/ee/include/pdf/ia_bus_lighting_table.pdf)
- NSTAR: Direct install for small business – Free energy audit and pays up to 70% of total project cost for retrofitting qualifying lighting  
[http://www.nstar.com/business/energy\\_efficiency/electric\\_programs/direct\\_install\\_program.asp](http://www.nstar.com/business/energy_efficiency/electric_programs/direct_install_program.asp)
- Duke Energy Progress: Similar to above  
<https://www.progress-energy.com/carolinas/business/save-energy-money/sbes/index.page?>



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Incentives and rebates offset the higher initial cost for LED upgrades

# Hot Water and Water Conservation

- Hot Water Setting and Controls
  - Reduce water heater temperatures to 110°F if allowable (local codes vary)
  - Insulation blankets and pipe insulation save energy
- Use Low-flow Fixtures
  - Hand washing (0.5 gallons/minute)
    - Self actuating
  - Shower heads (1.5 gallons/minute)
  - High Efficiency Toilets (1.28 gpf) and Urinals (0.125 gpf)
- These strategies save energy, water, and sewer charges



# Vending Machines



## Background

- Typical refrigerated vending machine consumes 400 watts, \$225/year

## Opportunities

- Delamping – up to 180 watts reduction, \$100/yr savings
- Energy saving sensors – 30-50% savings, Typical cost: \$170/unit, < 2 yr payback

## Example:

- 51% savings, \$185/yr savings @ 8.5cents/kWh measured with recording ammeter

## Future/Better Ideas

- Vendor requirement in new contracts – emphasis on saving energy especially when the vending area is well illuminated

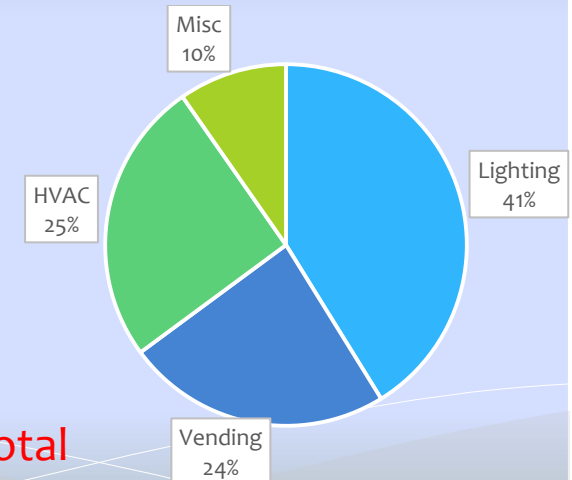


# Detailed Assessment Report

## Rest Stop Current Energy Usage and Potential Savings

	Current Energy Cost	Current Energy Index kBtu/sq ft/yr	Savings if Measures are Implemented	% Savings	Highest Value Opportunity
Brunswick	\$10,075	109	\$1,109	11%	Remove excess lighting
Buncombe/Henderson	\$20,664	239	\$4,715	23%	HVAC maintenance and programmable thermostats
Camden	\$11,522	131	\$2,098	18%	Vending machine lights
Cherokee	\$4,386	146	\$694	16%	Replace T12 lighting
Cleveland	\$22,044	169	\$2,331	11%	Vending machine lights
Cumberland	\$27,663	163	\$6,497	23%	HVAC maintenance and programmable thermostats
Duplin	\$15,814	213	\$1,015	6%	Vending machine lights
Granville	\$28,304	209	\$5,542	20%	HVAC maintenance and programmable thermostats
Johnston	\$18,168	167	\$2,210	12%	HVAC maintenance and programmable thermostats
Polk	\$5,139	85	\$891	17%	Vending machine lights
Surry	\$20,573	168	\$6,132	30%	HVAC maintenance and programmable thermostats
Average	\$16,759	164	\$3,021	18%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$33,234</b>				

Estimated Annual Energy Savings	
Energy Savings \$ / year	\$33,234
Energy Savings MMBtu/year	1500
Estimated Annual Emissions Reductions	
Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	262 tons
Nitrogen Oxides (NOX)	0.64 tons
Sulfur Oxides (SOX)	1.68 tons



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Opportunities represent 19% of total energy costs of \$177,000

# Recycling

## Make your program the example!

- Take advantage of “Single Stream” recycling vendors
- **“Twin the Bin”** - everywhere
- NCDOT rest areas experienced 2-4 times increase in recycling collection after “Twinning the Bin”



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# WRP Contacts

## WRP Triangle J Council of Governments



4307 Emperor Blvd., Suite 110  
Durham, NC 27703  
[wrpr@tjcog.org](mailto:wrpr@tjcog.org)  
Conrad Meyer, Technical Manager  
Christal Sandifer, Program Administrator

## WRP Land-of-Sky Regional Council



339 New Leicester Hwy, Suite 140  
Asheville, NC 28806  
828-251-6622 [wrp@landofsky.org](mailto:wrp@landofsky.org)  
Russ Jordan, Energy Manager  
Terry Albrecht, PE, CEM State Director



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# Backup



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# Utility Savings Initiative (USI)

## Mission

- The Utility Savings Initiative (USI) is North Carolina's comprehensive, lead-by-example program to manage utility consumption and costs in the public sector. The primary responsibility of the Utility Savings Initiative is to coordinate and support the activities of the state agencies and UNC system institutions to manage and reduce utility consumption and cost.
- Customers & Participants: State Agencies, Universities, Community Colleges, K-12, local governments - 132 million square feet
- Assist public sectors in managing utility consumption and costs
- Team supports 30% energy use reduction by 2015 ('02-03 baseline)
  - Currently reduced benchmark usage by 29% (kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>/year)
  - Avoided over \$614 million in energy costs and \$72 million in water costs
- Performance Contracting oversight for large energy related projects



# USI Checklist

## Administration and Energy Conservation Measures (ECM) Survey

<b>Site:</b>	
<b>Building:</b> (Name, year built)	
<b>Site Contact -Title</b>	
<b>Name:</b>	
<b>Phone:</b>	
<b>E-mail:</b>	
<b>County:</b>	
<b>Use</b> (Office, etc.)	
<b>Floor Area:</b> (GSF)	
<b>Street Address:</b>	
<b>Mailing Address:</b>	
<b>City:</b>	
<b>State:</b>	
<b>Zip Code:</b>	
<b>Surveyor Name:</b>	
<b>Team:</b>	
<b>Survey Date:</b>	
<b>Survey Time:</b>	

<b># of floors</b>	
<b># of occupants</b>	
<b>Hrs. occupied per week</b>	

<b>Utilities supplied to bldg. (Enter 1 if present, 2 if present and metered):</b>	
<b>Electric</b>	
<b>Dom cold water</b>	
<b>Natural gas</b>	
<b>Oil</b>	
<b>Propane</b>	
<b>Steam</b>	
<b>Heating hot water</b>	
<b>Chilled water</b>	
<b>Dom hot water</b>	

**Client - Please complete the top of this page and pages 2 and 3**

The section below is completed by WRP assessor.

**Baseline Energy Data (See Annual Energy Consumption Worksheet):**

<b>Total energy consumed:</b>		0	Million BTUs of energy per year
<b>Total energy index:</b>		#DIV/0!	kBTU/sq. ft. per year
<b>Total energy costs:</b>		\$0.00	Per year
<b>Total energy cost index:</b>		#DIV/0!	Total Energy Cost
<b>Total water use:</b>		0	Gallons per year
<b>Water/sewer cost:</b>	\$0.00	Per year	
<b>Gallons per Occupant:</b>	#DIV/0!		
<b>Gallons / sf</b>	#DIV/0!		
<b>After-hours usage/year -</b>			
<b>After-hours usage/year -</b>			

W

## B. Building Envelope

Roof type (check one)	B1.	Metal		Composite		Membrane		Other	
Roof color (check one)		Light		Dark					
	B2.	Is roof insulated?							
	B3.	Are thermal windows used? Low-e?							
	B4.	Are overhangs present on east west facing windows?							
	B5.	Is weather stripping on windows and doors present and maintained?							
	B6.	Are interior shades present and adjusted to allow daylight and reject solar heat gain?							
	B7.	Are windows kept closed in conditioned spaces?							

## C. Lighting and Electrical Systems

	C1.	Can lighting be controlled in perimeter rooms to make use of day light?
	C2.	Have T-12 fluorescent lamps been replaced with T-8?
	C3.	Are occupancy sensors utilized?
	C4.	Are computers using power-save feature?
	C5.	Have all incandescent lamps been replaced by CFL's?
	C6.	Are all electric exit lights of LED type?
	C7.	Do exterior lights turn off during daylight hours?
	C8.	Have space heaters been eliminated?
	C9.	Have beverage and snack machine lights been removed?
	C10.	Are procedures in place to purchase the most energy efficient equipment?
	C11.	Is fluorescent task lighting used to minimize background lighting?
	C12.	Has High-Bay T-5 lighting been evaluated for use in high ceiling areas (warehouses, gyms, auditoriums, etc.)?
	C13.	Have energy conservation decals been placed on light switches?

## K. Recommendations

List top ECM recommendations (include estimated potential savings when possible). Indicate if building is a candidate for performance contracting.

K1.

1

Annual potential savings

Cost to implement:

Simple payback:

2

Annual potential savings

Cost to implement:

Simple payback:

3

Annual potential savings

Cost to implement:

Simple payback:

4

Annual potential savings

Cost to implement:

Simple payback:

## ANNUAL ENERGY AND WATER CONSUMPTION

Month	Year	Electricity		Natural Gas		Other Fuels		Water	H <sub>2</sub> O / Sewer
		Usage	Cost	Usage	Cost	Usage	Cost	Usage	Cost
		KWH	\$	Therms	\$	Units	\$	Gallons	\$
July	2008								
August	2008								
September	2008								
October	2008								
November	2008								
December	2008								
January	2009								
February	2009								
March	2009								
April	2009								
May	2009								
June	2009								
<b>12-month total</b>		0	0	0	\$0.00			0	0

Square footage: 0

### CONVERSION TO BTU EQUIVALENTS

#### Fuel totals

Electricity - kWh	0	x	3,413	BTU/kWh	0	Million BTU's
Fuel oil - gallons	0	x	140,000	BTU/GAL.	0	Million BTU's
Natural gas - Therms	0	x	100,000	BTU/THERM	0	Million BTU's
Propane -	0	x	92,000	BTU/GAL.	0	Million BTU's
Total energy use					0	Million BTU's
Cost per million BTU					#DIV/0!	Million BTU's
Total Energy Index					#DIV/0!	kBTU/SF
Total Cost Index					#DIV/0!	Per Sq. Ft.

# Detailed Assessment Report

## Savings – Switching of hallway lights

Estimated hours lights could be switched off: Weekends hrs = 10 hrs/day X 2 days X 52 weeks = 1,040 hrs. Schools out hours = 10 hrs/day X 5 days X 10 weeks = 500 hrs. Total hours = 1,040 + 500 = 1,540 hrs.  
 Cost Savings = 3 hallways X 23 fixtures X 75% switched off X .112 kwd/fixture X 1,540 hrs/year = 8,926 kWh X \$.084 kWh = \$750 Yr.

## Costs

Costs = TBD. A very rough estimate is \$400 per hallway, or \$800.

Payback Period = \$800/\$750 = 13 months

Estimated Annual Energy Savings, \$/yr	
Energy, Water & SW Savings	\$4,459
Energy Savings	
MMBTU / year	119.96
kWh/yr	32,500
Est. Annual Emissions Reductions, lbs/yr	
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	
1.19#CO <sub>2</sub> /kWh * 32,500kWh/yr =	38,675
Nitrogen Oxides ( )	
0.00293#/kWh * 32,500kWh/yr =	95
Sulfur Oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> )	
0.00761#SO <sub>x</sub> * 32,500kWh/yr =	247

## Summary of Energy Benchmarks

Total Energy Consumed	1,597 Million Btu / yr
Total Energy Index	51.5 kBtu / sq ft / yr
Total Energy Cost:	\$33,615 / yr
Total Energy Cost Index:	\$1.08 / sq ft / yr



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# Lighting Summary

For all lighting upgrades:

- Determine illumination level needed and required lumens per fixture
- Specify color temperature and minimum color rendering index

For replacing bulbs:

- Specify Energy Star and above average performance in terms of lumens per Watt
- Evaluate samples for acceptable spatial distribution and color
- Check compatibility of bulbs with dimmers, transformers, etc.

For recessed fixtures (downlights and troffers):

- Integrated lamps and fixtures are likely to provide greatest energy saving

For outside lighting:

- Use directionality of LEDs to provide more uniform illumination with less lumens

LED upgrades can be cost competitive now.

Incentives and rebates expand types of viable projects.

LED performance is improving annually and prices will continue to fall.

# Don't Pay Sewer Charges on Water You Don't Discharge



- Water/sewer bills typically based on “water use”
- Some water/sewer authorities will reimburse you for water, not discharge
- Ask your water authorities if you have: Cooling towers, irrigation systems, use significant water in your products
- Typically requires a sub-meter.



Waste Reduction Partners



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# Kitchen Checklist



- Use low-flow pre-rinse sprayer
- Keep stoves and griddle, ranges pushed back (under ventilation)
- Avoid excessive pre-heating
- Turn off unneeded section – (i.e.; broilers, griddles, etc.)
- Scheduling and cleaning are important
- Resource: <http://fishnick.com/>



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# NC Rest Area Breakdown

	T12	Incan	Merc	HPS	Exit	Delamp	Motion	Tstat	HVA C	Vend	Water cool	Admin
Brunswick	601	94					63	116		146		
Buncombe	698		378				438	2066		1135		
Camden	146			829	225		135	128		635		
Cherokee	322				21			150	125			
Cleveland	489	292		493			505			552		
Cumberland		496					890			968		
Duplin						165	50			800		
Granville		390	751			9	577		287 9	824	40	
Johnson						466			566	972		
Polk		111					241			539		
Surry			214			293	1527		132 1	286		2765
Percentage	8%	5%	5%	5%	1%	3%	15%	9%	17%	24%	0%	10%

**Lighting 41%, HVAC 25%, Vending 24%, Misc 10%**

**Opportunities represent 19% of total energy cost**